

MY-7796

Seat No.

First Year B. Physiotherapy Examination January - 2018 Exercise Therapy - I

Time: 3 Hours] [Total Marks: 100

SECTION - I

1 Long answer questions: [2 out of 3]

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (1) Explain different types of Breathing exercise. Write down the indications and contraindication of the same.
- (2) Define and classify passive movement. write down the principles and effect and uses of passive movement.
- (3) What are the fundamental starting positions? Discuss the derived position of standing with their uses.
- 2 Write short notes: [2 out of 3]

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (1) Advantages and disadvantages of group exercise
- (2) Explain therapeutic uses of massage
- (3) Explain Pelvic tilt.
- 3 Short answer questions: [5 out of 6]

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

- (1) Explain axis and planes with examples.
 - (2) Define force and explain types of force.
 - (3) Explain types of muscle work.
 - (4) Explain home exercise.
 - (5) Angle of pull.
 - (6) Explain principles of suspension therapy.

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4	Mul	tiple	choice questions	:	$10\times1=10$			
	(1)		techniques is	s knowr	n as technique of thousand			
		hands.						
		(a)	Hacking					
		(b)	Clapping					
		(c)	Superficial strok	ing				
		(d)	Friction					
	(2)	Chi	the effective movement is					
		kno	wn as -					
		(a)	Agonist	(b)	Synergist			
		(c)	Antagonist	(d)	Fixators			
	(3)	Angel of pull is most efficient at which angle?						
		(a)	Less than 90°	(b)	More than 90°			
		(c)	At 90°	(d)	All of above			
	(4)	Bas	Base of support is maximum in which position?					
		(a)	Standing	(b)	Sitting			
		(c)	Kneeling	(d)	Supine			
	(5)	Wh	ich massage is us	e for se	ecretion removal in lungs ?			
		(a)	Kneading	(b)	Friction			
		(c)	Vibration	(d)	Stroking			
	(6)	Nor	Normal range of motion for elbow flexion is					
		(a)	140°	(b)	100°			
		(c)	60°	(d)	90°			
	(7)	Mus	vhich range ?					
		(a) Outer part of middle range						
		(b)	Outer range					
		(c)	Inner range					
		(d)	Inner part of ma	iddle ra	ange			
	(8)	Second order lever is the lever of						
		(a)	Stability	(b)	Instability			
		(c)	Speed	(d)	Power			
	(9)	In which of the fundamental starting position COG is higher?						
		(a)	Lying	(b)	Sitting			
		(c)	Kneeling	(d)	Standing			
	(10)	Ant	Anterior pelvic tilt is produce by					
		(a) Hip extensors and abdominals						
		(b) Hip flexors and Lumbar extensors						
		(c)	nk side flexors					
		(q)	-					

SECTION - II

1	Lon	g answer questions : [2 out of 3] 2×10=20						
	(1)	Define massage and classification of massage. Explain physiological effects of massage.						
	(2)	Define goniometer, types of goniometer. Explain measurement of shoulder range of motion.						
	(3)	Define Posture, explain types of posture. Write in detail about the factors affecting posture.						
2	Sho	rt notes : [2 out of 3]						
	(1)	Explain LLD						
	(2) Explain Kneading manipulation							
	(3)	Explain Free Exercises.						
3	Short answers questions: [5 out of 6]							
(1) Uses of Mat Exercises.								
(2) Explain Pulley and its types.								
	(3) Explain Shoulder wheel exercises.							
	(4)	Types of Levers.						
	(5)	End-feel						
	(6)	Define Shadow walking.						
4	Mul	tiple choice questions: 10×1=10						
	(1)	Axillary crutch can lead to injury to which nerve.						
		(a) Median nerve (b) Radial nerve						
		(c) Axillary nerve (d) None of above						
	(2) End-feel of Elbow extension is -							
		(a) Soft (b) Firm						
	(0)	(c) Hard (d) All of above						
	(3)	Four foot position is -						
		(a) Kneeling(b) Prone kneeling(c) Half Kneeling(d) Prone Lying						
	(c) Half Kneeling (d) Prone Lying (4) Vertical suspension is used for							
	(+/	(a) Relaxation (b) Strengthening						
		(c) Support (d) To increase muscle power						

(5)	Free exercises are being done by				
	(a)	Subject himself	(b)	Physiotherapist	
	(c)	Gravity	(d)	All of above	
(6)	The pres	use of progressiv	e re	sisted exercise was first	
	(a)	De Lorme	(b)	Hook	
	(c)	Mac Queen	(d)	Oxford	
(7)	During passive movement the proximal joint to the joint to be moved is fixed to prevent				
	(a)	Traction	(b)	Trick movement	
	(c)	Active movement	(d)	sequence	
(8)	is the grooved wheel, which moves around axis and the rope passing through the groove.				
	(a)	Pulley	(b)	Lever	
	(c)	Screw	(d)	Wedge	
(9)	Flexion and Extension movement occurs inplane.				
	(a)	Frontal plane	(b)	Sagital plane	
	(c)	Horizontal plane	(d)	Transverse plane	
(10)	Gutter crutches are used for patients of				
	(a)	Osteoarthritis	(b)	Rheumatoid arthritis	
	(c)	Elderly	(d)	None of above	